

FACULTY OF BUSINESS

FINAL EXAMINATION

Student ID (in Figures)	:										
Student ID (in Words)	:										
Course Code & Name		۸۲۲	1512	۸۲۲۲	DUNT	ING					
Semester & Year	:				T 202						
Lecturer/Examiner	:		IES LIC		1 202	•					
Duration	:	3 Hc		<i>.</i>							

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This question paper consists of 2 parts:

PART A (60 marks) : Answer THREE (3) short answer questions. Answers are to be written in

the Answer Booklet provided.

PART B (40 marks) : Answer TWO (2) out of THREE (3) structured type questions. Answers

are to be written in the Answer Booklet provided.

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any unauthorised materials except writing equipment into the Examination Hall. Electronic dictionaries are strictly prohibited.
- 3. This question paper must be submitted along with all used and/or unused rough papers and/or graph paper (if any). Candidates are NOT allowed to take any examination materials out of the examination hall.
- 4. Only ballpoint pens are allowed to be used in answering the questions, with the exception of multiple choice questions, where 2B pencils are to be used.

WARNING: The University Examination Board (UEB) of BERJAYA University College regards cheating as a most serious offence and will not hesitate to mete out the appropriate punitive actions according to the severity of the offence committed, and in accordance with the clauses stipulated in the Students' Handbook, up to and including expulsion from BERJAYA University College.

Total Number of pages = 9 (Including the cover page)

PART A : SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (60 MARKS)

INSTRUCTION (S): There are **THREE (3)** questions in this section, answer **ALL** questions. Write

your answers in the Answer Booklet(s) provided.

QUESTION 1

The following are the opening balance for the month of May 2024 regarding KK Enterprise:

	RM
Sales ledger control account	33,500
Purchases ledger control account	42,100
Allowance for doubtful debts	12,500

In the month of May 2024, the following transactions were made:

	RM
Interest charged to accounts receivable for late payment	12,270
Debit balance on sales ledger transferred to purchase ledger	49,400
Cash purchases	146,900
Accounts receivable's cheque dishonoured	10,500
Legal fees for debt collection charged to credit customer's account	5,200
Sales on credit	661,000
Credit purchases	536,600
Returns outwards to credit suppliers	19,700
Returns inwards from credit customers	15,300
Cash sales	250,250
Discounts allowed	2,040
Discounts received	950
Bad debts written off	12,140
Payments to credit suppliers	240,400
Receipts from credit customers	210,200

Note:

The allowance for doubtful debts was to be adjusted to 3% of accounts receivable at 31 May 2024. (All amounts are to be rounded to the nearest Ringgit)

Required

Prepare the following for the month of May 2024:

a) Purchase ledger control accounts

b) Sales ledger control accounts

(5 marks) (7 marks)

c) Statement of financial position extract showing the balance for accounts receivable, accounts payable and working capital. (3 marks)

- d) Calculate the amount to be charged as doubtful debts in the profit or loss. Indicate whether the amount is increased/decreased and debit/credit to profit or loss. (2 marks)
- e) Name **THREE (3)** books of original entry besides sales day book and purchase day book.

(3 marks)

[Total 20 marks]

QUESTION 2

Amira Trading closes its accounts on 31 December each year. On 1 January 2021, the business purchased 2 units of machine equipment for its manufacturing plant at the cost of RM24,500 each.

The following are the opening balance as at January 2023:

	RM
Machine equipment	49,000
Accumulated depreciation	9,800

The business provides the depreciation of the machine equipment at a rate of 10% per annum using straight line method. Full year depreciation is calculated in the year of purchase but none in the year of disposal.

On 30 June 2023, the machine equipment which was purchased in 2021 was disposed for a total cash consideration of RM41,000. On the same date, the business bought a new machine equipment to replace the existing ones at a cost of RM89,000.

Required

a) Prepare the following accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023:

	(i) Motor vehicle	(6 marks)
	(ii) Accumulated depreciation of motor vehicle	(6 marks)
	(iii) Disposal of motor vehicle	(5 marks)
b)	List TWO (2) causes of depreciation.	(2 marks)
c)	Name ONE (1) depreciation method besides straight line.	(1 mark)
		[Tatal 20 manla]

[Total 20 marks]

QUESTION 3

88 Speed Mart Trading uses a perpetual inventory system. The following information of the purchases and sales are extracted from the warehouse systems for the month of May 2024:

Date	Purchases	Issued
1 May	500 units @ RM5.50	
6 May		300 units
11 May	400 units @ RM5.60	
14 May		500 units

Additional information:

The selling price of the unit sold is set at RM6.00 per unit.

Required

- a) Calculate the cost of the ending inventory and the cost of goods sold using the following methods:
 - (i) First In, First Out (FIFO) (6 marks)
 - (ii) Last In, First Out (LIFO) (6 marks)
 - (iii) Weighted average cost (Average unit cost to be rounded to 2 decimal places) (4 marks)
- b) Compare the results of the three inventory methods in a tabular format and determine the gross profit for each of the methods. (3 marks)
- c) Based on the information in part (b) above, state which method produces the lowest gross profit. (1 mark)

[Total 20 marks]

END OF PART A

PART B : STRUCTURED TYPE QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

INSTRUCTION (S) : There are THREE (3) questions in this section, answer only TWO (2)

questions. Write your answers in the Answer Booklet(s) provided

QUESTION 1

The following list of balances was extracted from the books of Aminah Trading for the year ended 31 December 2023:

Aminah Trading Trial Balance as at 31 December 2023					
RM RM					
Revenue		372,750			
Purchases	215,760				
Return inwards/return outwards	2,550	1,230			
Discount allowed/discount received	1,300	800			
Insurance expenses	5,640				
Carriage outwards	900				
Motor vehicle (at cost)	18,000				
Office equipment (at cost)	30,000				
Salaries and wages	80,000				
Utilities expenses	7,800				
Rent expenses	9,408				
Maintenance expenses	6,380				
Carriage inwards	8,240				
Accounts receivable	46,200				
Accounts payable		20,440			
Accumulated depreciation:					
- Motor vehicle		13,500			
- Office equipment		15,000			
Allowance for doubtful debts		830			
Drawings	18,700				
Cash at bank	6,040				
Cash in hand	100				
Opening stock	128,000				
Capital		160,468			
	585,018	585,018			

Additional information:

- (i) Closing stock is valued at RM178,500.
- (ii) Rent of RM2,400 was prepaid for three months.
- (iii) Utilities expenses accrued at RM555.
- (iv) Drawings of RM1,450 was wrongly taken up as purchases.

- (v) Depreciation is to be provided as follows:
 - Motor vehicle 50% reducing balance
 - Office equipment 20% straight line
- (vi) A trade receivable balance of RM1,240 as at 31 December 2023 from Akram Trading was decided to be written-off as bad debts. Then, the allowance for doubtful debts was to be adjusted at 3% of the accounts receivable balance at the end of the year.

(All amounts are to be rounded to the nearest Ringgit)

Required

Prepare the following statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023:

a) Statement of profit or loss

(10 marks)

b) Statement of financial position

(10 marks)

[Total 20 marks]

QUESTION 2

Section A

Clement Ti owned Clementi Enterprise and recorded his bank and cash transactions in a 3-column Cash Book. The following transactions took place during May 2024:

Date	Details	RM
1 May	Cash, brought down	550 (Dr)
2 May	Bank, brought down	8,300 (Dr)
7 May	Received from Eng Enterprises by cheque deducting 2% cash discount.	2,500
8 May	Received cash sales from his customers.	1,250
11 May	Paid accounts payable Farm Supplies by cheque less 3% cash discount.	4,800
13 May	Clement Ti withdrew from bank for business use.	2,000
15 May	Clement Ti managed to secure a business loan from SEM Bank Berhad.	25,000
16 May	Clement Ti drew a cheque for his own personal use.	6,700
18 May	Paid electricity bills by cash.	1,220
25 May	Received from SS Trading by cheque deducting 2% cash discount.	3,350
26 May	Paid salaries and wages in cheque.	12,800
27 May	Clement Ti withdrew cash for his personal use.	2,000
28 May	Office rent paid by cheque.	4,200
20 May	Accounts payable, Zahid Trading paid by cheque net of 3% cash	
29 May	discount.	5,670
31 May	Bought 1 unit of air conditioner paying by cheque.	2,500
31 May	Received from Sim Enterprise by cheque less 3% cash discount.	5,600

Note:

- All cash discount amounts are pre-discount.
- All amounts are to be rounded to the nearest Ringgit.

Required

a) Write up the 3-column cash book for the month of May 2024. Balance the cash book and bring down the balances at 1 June 2024. (13 marks)

Section B

On 4 June 2024, Clementi Enterprise received a bank statement for the month of May and showed that the amount was different from the cash book balance.

Examination of the records revealed the following reasons for the said difference:

- (i) The bank has charged a loan interest of RM150.
- (ii) Cheque book charges of RM10.00
- (iii) Direct deposit of RM1,550 into the bank account by a credit customer has not been recorded in the cash book.
- (iv) Following deposited cheques were not realised during the month:
 - Cheque received from SS Trading on 25 May 2024
 - Cheque received from Sim Enterprise on 31 May 2024
- (v) Following issued cheques were not presented for payments:
 - Cheque paid to Zahid Enterprise on 29 May 2024
 - Cheque paid for the purchase of the air conditioner on 31 May 2024

Required

- b) Based on the information obtained from the bank statement, update the cashbook for the month of May 2024. (3 marks)
- c) Perform the bank reconciliation statement as at 31 May 2024.

(4 marks)

[Total 20 marks]

QUESTION 3

Sehati Bhd is a company which distribute electrical components to the retail hardware shops. The following are the financial statements for the year ended 31 December for the last 2 years:

Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended					
2023 (RM) 2022 (RM)					
Sales	924,480	1,150,400			
Opening stock	96,500	84,960			
Purchases	542,300	690,276			
Closing stock	(110,880)	(96,500)			
Cost of goods sold	527,920	678,736			
Gross profit	396,560	471,664			
Distribution costs	(210,800)	(272,000)			
Administration costs	(104,920)	(99,600)			
Interest expense	(23,560)	(35,000)			
Profit before tax	57,280	65,064			

Taxation	(14,400)	(12,300)
Profit after tax	42,880	52,764

Statement of Financial Position as at				
2023 (RM) 2022 (RM)				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment	191,520	145,000		
Current Assets				
Inventory	110,880	96,500		
Account receivables	120,240	123,000		
Total current assets	231,120	219,500		
Total assets	422,640	364,500		
Equity & Liabilities				
Equity				
Ordinary share capital	28,800	24,500		
Retained earnings	71,280	28,400		
Total equity	100,080	52,900		
Non-Current Liabilities				
Long-term loan	129,600	132,000		
Current Liabilities				
Account payables	151,200	121,800		
Bank overdraft	16,560	32,000		
Tax payable	12,960	11,300		
Accruals	12,240	14,500		
Total current liabilities	192,960	179,600		
Total Equity and Liabilities	422,640	364,500		

Required

- a) Calculate the following ratios to **TWO (2)** decimal places for each of the two years (show all workings):
 - i) Gross profit margin
 - ii) Net profit margin
 - iii) Return on capital employed (net profit before interest)
 - iv) Current ratio
 - v) Acid test ratio
 - vi) Rate of stock turnover (times)

- vii) Accounts receivable's collection period (in days)
- viii) Accounts payable's collection period (in days)

(8 x 2 points = 16 marks)

b) State the effect (increase or decrease) in the following scenarios that will have upon the accounts receivable and accounts payable:

No.	Scenario	Collection/Settlement Period (Days)	Turnover Rate (times)
(i)	Slow in collecting the debts from accounts receivable		
(ii)	Pay the accounts payable before the credit terms		

(4 marks)

[Total 20 marks]

END OF QUESTION PAPER